IN THE UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT FOR THE WESTERN DISTRICT OF OKLAHOMA

JEFFREY SNYDER, D.O.,)	
Plaintiff,)	
v.)	Case No. CIV-16-384-F
)	
BOARD OF REGENTS FOR THE)	
OKLAHOMA AGRICULTURAL &		
MECHANICAL COLLEGES, ex rel.,)	
OKLAHOMA STATE UNIVERSITY)	
CENTER FOR HEALTH SCIENCES,)	
et al.,)	
)	
Defendants.)	

DEFENDANTS' OBJECTIONS TO PLAINTIFF'S REQUESTED JURY INSTRUCTIONS

Defendants, Oklahoma State University Medical Trust d/b/a Oklahoma State University Medical Center ("OSUMC"), and Board of Regents for the Oklahoma Agricultural & Mechanical Colleges *ex rel*. Oklahoma State University Center for Health Sciences ("OSU-CHS") (collectively "Defendants") object to Plaintiff's Requested Jury Instructions (Doc. No. 456).

Defendants have submitted a set of requested jury instructions, *see* Doc. No. 452, as may be amended or modified based on this Court's rulings and the evidence to be admitted at trial. Defendants submit that those instructions should be used instead of Plaintiff's requested instructions.

Subject to this general statement, Defendants submit the following individual objections to Plaintiff's requested jury instructions.

Instruction Title	Objections
Instruction No. 1 (Opening)	None.
Instruction No. 2 (Statement of the Case)	Defendants object to Plaintiff's Instruction No. 2 as misleading, confusing, and unfairly prejudicial. The instruction omits Defendants' contentions and defenses. Defendants submit that this Court should instead use Defendants' Instruction No. 3 which is a properly formulated and balanced charge that provides the jury an accurate understanding of the factual issues in the case.
Instruction No. 3 (All Persons Equal Before the Law)	Defendants object to Plaintiff's Instruction No. 3 as incomplete. Defendants submit that this Court should instead use Defendants' Instruction No. 4. Defendants' instruction specifically states that a public entity is entitled to the same fair trial as an individual.
Instruction No. 4 (Evidence)	None.
Instruction No. 5 (Determining Credibility of Witnesses)	None.
Instruction No. 6	None.
(Impeachment)	Tioner
Instruction No. 7 (No Speculation)	Defendants submit that this Court should instead use Defendants' Instruction No. 12 as Defendants' proposed instruction is more complete.
Instruction No. 8 (Burden of Proof – Greater Weight of the Evidence)	Defendants submit that this Court should instead use Defendants' Instruction No. 14 as Defendants' proposed instruction is more complete.
Instruction No. 9 (Inference from Spoliation of Evidence)	The Court denied Plaintiff's Motion of Spoliation Sanctions. [Doc. No. 483]. This instruction is therefore inappropriate.
Instruction No. 10 (Expert Witness)	None.
Instruction No. 11 (Direct and Circumstantial Evidence)	None.
Instruction No. 12 (Agency – Defined)	This instruction is no longer necessary. <i>See</i> Joint Additional Stipulations for Jury Instructions. [Doc. No. 482].

Instruction Title	Objections
Instruction No. 13	This instruction is no longer necessary. See Joint
(Employer and Employee	Additional Stipulations for Jury Instructions. [Doc. No.
Defined)	482].
Instruction No. 14	This instruction is no longer necessary. See Joint
(Loaned Employee)	Additional Stipulations for Jury Instructions. [Doc. No.
	482].
Instruction No. 15 (Elements of a Claim for Breach of Contract)	Defendants object to Plaintiff's instruction that breach has been found as a matter of law as to the Resident Staff Agreement. The Court made no legal finding as to
breach of Contracty	breach (the Court referenced a "technical" or "procedural" violation, but did not definitively rule as a matter of law that Plaintiff has established breach). The jury is entitled to review all evidence, including the language of the contract as a whole, and make a determination as to whether a breach occurred. Evidence contrary to the summary judgment findings unrelated to an ultimate holding disposing of a claim is admissible. Any findings reached by the Court in the context of summary judgment merely meant that there is a fact issue for a jury to decide. Indeed, where a court denies summary judgment on a claim, "that record is different from the record which [was developed before trial] and the Court's summary judgment order is immaterial." <i>Hampton v. Dillard Dep't Stores, Inc.</i> , 247 F.3d 1091, 1112 (10th Cir. 2001).
	Defendants object to Plaintiff's instruction that Plaintiff has a third triable claim for an alleged denial of a right to appeal his leave of absence. The Court only found a triable issue on breach of contract as to two bases: whether OSUMC breached a contract (1) "based on Dr. Jeffrey Snyder being placed on probation" and/or (2) "being denied [the] right to appeal the probation decision." [Doc. 30, p. 4 ¶ 4].
Instruction No. 16	Plaintiff's instruction is a stock recitation of the
(Formation of a Contract)	Oklahoma Uniform Jury Instructions without specification as to the parties and issues of this matter.
Instruction No. 17	Plaintiff's instruction is a stock recitation of the
(Form of Contracts)	Oklahoma Uniform Jury Instructions without specification as to the parties and issues of this matter.

Instruction Title	Objections
Instruction No. 18	Defendants object to Plaintiff's instruction because it is
(Definition of Offer)	incomplete and lacking information. Defendants submit
	that this Court should instead use Defendants'
	Instruction No. 44.
	Plaintiff's instruction is a stock recitation of the
	Oklahoma Uniform Jury Instructions without
	specification as to the parties and issues of this matter.
Instruction No. 19	Plaintiff's instruction is a stock recitation of the
(Definition of Acceptance)	Oklahoma Uniform Jury Instructions without
Instruction No. 20	specification as to the parties and issues of this matter. Plaintiff's instruction is a stock recitation of the
(Acceptance of Benefits)	Oklahoma Uniform Jury Instructions without
(receptance of Benefits)	specification as to the parties and issues of this matter.
Instruction No. 21	Defendants object to Plaintiff's instruction because it is
(Modification of Contracts)	incomplete and lacks an instruction regarding
	modification of a written contract. Defendants submit
	that this Court should instead use Defendants'
	Instruction No. 40.
	Plaintiff's instruction is a stock recitation of the
	Oklahoma Uniform Jury Instructions without
	specification as to the parties and issues of this matter.
Instruction No. 22	Defendants object to Plaintiff's instruction because it
(Interpretation of Contracts	improperly narrows the term(s)/provision(s) of the
-In General)	contract(s) to be determined by the jury.
	Plaintiff's instruction is a stock recitation of the
	Oklahoma Uniform Jury Instructions without
L d di NI 22	specification as to the parties and issues of this matter.
Instruction No. 23	Plaintiff's instruction is a stock recitation of the Oklahoma Uniform Jury Instructions without
(Entire Contract)	specification as to the parties and issues of this matter.
Instruction No. 24	Plaintiff's instruction is a stock recitation of the
(Meaning of Words)	Oklahoma Uniform Jury Instructions without
,	specification as to the parties and issues of this matter.
Instruction No. 25	Defendants object to the title of this jury instruction
(Construction in Favor of	because it contains a typographical error ("Promises"
Promises)	should be "Promisee").
	Plaintiff's instruction is a stock recitation of the
	Oklahoma Uniform Jury Instructions without
	specification as to the parties and issues of this matter.

Instruction Title	Objections
Instruction No. 26 (Breach	Plaintiff's instruction is a stock recitation of the
of Contract)	Oklahoma Uniform Jury Instructions without
	specification as to the parties and issues of this matter.
Instruction No. 27 (General	Defendants object to Plaintiff's instruction as
Measure of Damages)	misleading and lacking information. Defendants submit
	that this Court should instead use Defendants'
	Instruction No. 57.
	In addition, the instruction does not make it clear that
	Plaintiff is <u>not</u> entitled to any emotional damages or
	punitive damages on his contract claims. See
	Defendants' Jury Instructions, Doc. No. 452, Instruction
	Nos. 58 & 64.
Instruction No. 28	Defendants object to Plaintiff's instruction as lacking
(Uncertainty as to Fact or	information. Defendants submit that this Court should
Amount of Damages)	instead use Defendants' Instruction No. 59.
	Plaintiff's instruction is a stock recitation of the
	Oklahoma Uniform Jury Instructions without
	specification as to the parties and issues of this matter.
Instruction No. 29	None.
(Rehabilitation Act)	
Instruction No. 30	None.
(Americans with	
Disabilities Act – Claim	
Against OSU-CHS- Title II)	
Instruction No. 31	Defendants object to Plaintiff's Instruction No. 31 as
(Americans with	misleading, confusing, and unfairly prejudicial because
Disabilities Act –	the instruction is not based on facts alleged in this case.
Interference, Coercion or	
Intimidation is Unlawful)	NT.
Instruction No. 32	None.
(Definition of Disability) Instruction No. 33	None
	None.
("Regarded As" Disabled)	Defendants object to Plaintiff's Instruction No. 24 as
Instruction No. 34 (ADA Claim Against OSU-CHS	Defendants object to Plaintiff's Instruction No. 34 as
"Qualified" Individual with	misleading, confusing, and unfairly prejudicial because the instruction is not based on facts alleged in this case.
a Disability)	Instruction No. 34 is overly broad and includes items
	that are not at issue in this lawsuit – the removal of
	architectural or transportation barriers, and provision of
	auxiliary aids.
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Instruction Title	Objections
Instruction No. 35 (ADA	None.
Claim Against OSU-CHS –	
Public Entity)	
Instruction No. 36	Defendants object to Plaintiff's Instruction No. 36 as
(Rehabilitation Act –	lacking information. Defendants submit that this Court
Employment Claim Against	should instead use Defendants' Instruction No. 23.
OSUMC – Medical	
Examination)	
Instruction No. 37	Defendants object to Plaintiff's Instruction No. 37 as
(Rehabilitation Act –	incomplete and lacking information. It fails to define
Employment Claim Against	but-for causation. Plaintiff's Instruction No. 37 should
OSUMC – Causation)	be used in conjunction with Defendants' Instruction No. 25.
Instruction No. 38	Defendants object to Plaintiff's Instruction No. 38 as
(Practicing Osteopathic	misleading, confusing, and unfairly prejudicial.
Medicine Without a	Defendants object to Plaintiff's instruction as it is not
License)	based on facts in evidence or any claim at issue.
Instruction No. 39	Defendants object to Plaintiff's Instruction No. 38 as
(Retaliation)	misleading, confusing, and unfairly prejudicial.
	Defendants object to Plaintiff's instruction as it
	misstates the Court's summary judgment order.
	Further, even if the Court did hold that the Plaintiff
	established the first two elements of a retaliation claim,
	the Court did not make any rulings disposing of the
	retaliation claim. Evidence contrary to the summary
	judgment findings unrelated to an ultimate holding
	disposing of a claim is admissible. Any findings
	reached by the Court in the context of summary
	judgment merely meant that there is a fact issue for a
	jury to decide. Indeed, where a court denies summary
	judgment on a claim, "that record is different from the
	record which [was developed before trial] and the
	Court's summary judgment order is immaterial."
	Hampton v. Dillard Dep't Stores, Inc., 247 F.3d 1091,
	1112 (10th Cir. 2001).
Instruction No. 40	None.
(Retaliation – Adverse	
Actions – OSUMC)	
Instruction No. 41	None.
(Retaliation – Adverse	
Actions – OSU-CHS)	

Instruction Title	Objections
Instruction No. 42	Defendants object to Plaintiff's Instruction No. 37 as
(Retaliation – Causation)	incomplete and lacking information.
Instruction No. 43 (Pretext)	Defendants object to Plaintiff's Instruction No. 44 as
	misleading and confusing. Defendants object to
	Plaintiff's inclusion of alleged examples of pretext as
	such is prejudicial to Defendants. The instruction only
	needs to define pretext for the jury to determine
	whether Plaintiff has presented sufficient evidence of
T 4 4 NT 44	the same.
Instruction No. 44	Defendants object to Plaintiff's Instruction No. 44 as
(Backpay)	misleading, confusing, and lacking information.
	Plaintiff's instruction does not address mitigation. Additionally, the term "exclusion from residency
	program" is confusing. As Plaintiff was paid through
	the end of January 2015, backpay (if at all) is only
	appropriate after Plaintiff's pay was stopped.
	Moreover, as more fully set out in Defendants' Motion
	in Limine (Doc. No. 446), Plaintiff is not entitled to
	recover economic damages, and therefore an instruction
	on backpay is improper.
Instruction No. 45	Defendants object to Plaintiff's Instruction No. 45 as
(Compensatory Damages)	misleading and lacking information. Plaintiff is not
	entitled to any compensatory damages on his
	Rehabilitation Act claim unless he is able to prove
	discriminatory animus or deliberate indifference, as set
	forth in Doc. No. 452, Defendants' Instruction No. 52.
Instruction No. 46	None.
(Nominal Damages)	
Instruction No. 47	Front pay is a matter of equitable relief for the Court's
(Front Pay)	determination. The jury should not be instructed as to
	front pay. Moreover, as more fully set out in
	Defendants' Motion in <i>Limine</i> (Doc. No. 446), Plaintiff is not entitled to recover economic damages and
	therefore an instruction on front pay is improper.
Instruction No. 48 (Closing)	None.
Verdict Form	Defendants request the Court utilize their jury form as it
Volumet i offin	is more complete and less confusing.
	is more complete and less confusing.

Respectfully submitted,

s/Nathan L. Whatley

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CERTIFICATE OF SERVICE

I hereby certify that on March 6, 2020 I electronically transmitted the foregoing document to the Clerk of Court using the ECF system for filing. Based on the records currently on file, the Clerk of Court will transmit a Notice of Filing to the following ECF registrants:

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